

**IN THE CLAIMS:**

Please amend claims 1-12-16, 18, 19, 21, 24- 31 as follows.

Please add new claims 32-36.

1. (Currently Amended) A method, ~~of processing a routing information in a packet data network, said method comprising the steps of:~~

extracting ~~said~~ a routing information from a received message at a border between a first network and a second network;

adding at least one invalid entry to first-network entries of said routing information to blurr or hide an actual number of routing entries which correspond to routing nodes through which said received message has been routed, said first-network entries relating to a routing path of said message within said first network;

generating an encrypted routing information by encrypting said at least one invalid entry and said first-network entries by using an own token at least for each of said first-network entries;

replacing said routing information of said received message by said encrypted routing information; and

forwarding said received message with said encrypted routing information to said second network.

2. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, further comprising the ~~step of:~~

providing said routing information in a routing header of said message.

3. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 2, further comprising the ~~step of:~~

providing said routing header comprising a Record-Route header of a Session Initiation Protocol message and a Service-Route header as specified for the Session Initiation Protocol.

4. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, further comprising the ~~step of:~~

processing said routing information using a topology hiding method.

5. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 4, wherein, in said processing ~~step~~, said topology hiding method is applied in response to a user identity marked with a predetermined information.

6. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 4, wherein, in said processing ~~step~~, said topology hiding method is applied in response to a network identity.

7. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, further comprising ~~the~~  
~~step of:~~

-marking said at least one added invalid entry.

8. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, further comprising ~~the~~  
~~step of:~~

providing each of said first-network entries comprising at least one of name and  
address information of a network node through which said received message has been  
routed.

9. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, further comprising ~~the~~  
~~step of:~~

providing said border between said first and second networks, wherein said border  
is defined at a gateway device which said message traverses on a connection between  
said first and second networks.

10. (Currently Amended) ~~A network device, for processing routing information in~~  
~~a packet data network, said device comprising:~~

extracting means for extracting said routing information from a received message  
at a border between a first network and a second network;

adding means for adding at least one invalid entry to first-network entries of said routing information to blurr or hide an actual number of routing entries which correspond to routing nodes through which said received message has been routed, said first-network entries relating to a routing path of said message within said first network;

encrypting means for generating an encrypted routing information by encrypting said at least one invalid entry and said first-network entries by using an own token at least for each of said first-network entries;

replacing means for replacing said routing information of said received message by said encrypted routing information; and

forwarding means for forwarding said received message with said encrypted routing information to said second network.

11. (Currently Amended) The ~~network~~ device according to claim 10, wherein said network device further comprises one of an ~~I~~nterrogating ~~E~~call ~~S~~ession ~~E~~control ~~F~~unction and a ~~T~~opology ~~H~~iding ~~G~~ateway function.

12. (Currently Amended) The ~~network~~ device according to claim 10, wherein said packet data network further comprises an Internet protocol (IP) ~~M~~ultimedia ~~S~~ubsystem.

13. (Currently Amended) The ~~network~~ device according to claim 10, wherein said border between said first and second networks is defined at said network device.

14. (Currently Amended) A method, ~~of processing a routing information in a packet data network, said method comprising the steps of:~~

extracting said ~~a~~ routing information from a received message at a border between a first network and a second network;

generating a decrypted and reversed routing information by decrypting a tokenized second-network entry relating to a routing path of said message within said second network and by reversing the content of the decrypted second-network entry;

replacing said routing information of said received message by said decrypted and reversed routing information; and

forwarding said received message with said decrypted and reversed routing information to said second network.

15. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 14, further comprising ~~the step of:~~

conveying said routing information in a routing header of said message.

16. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 15, wherein said routing header comprises at least one of a ~~R~~route header and a ~~V~~via header of a ~~S~~session ~~I~~nitiation ~~P~~rotocol message.

17. (Original) The method according to any claim 14, further comprising:  
using a topology hiding method.

18. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 17, further comprising  
~~the step of:~~

applying said topology hiding method in response to a user identity marked with a predetermined information.

19. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 17, further comprising  
~~the step of:~~

applying said topology hiding method in response to a network identity.

20. (Original) The method according to claim 14, wherein:  
said tokenized second-network entry comprises at least one of an encrypted name and encrypted address information of a sequence of network nodes through which said received message has been routed.

21. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 14, further comprising the steps of:

marking a tokenized network entry of at least one of an incoming and an outgoing tokenizing network node; and

suppressing said reversing at outgoing tokenizing network nodes.

22. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 14, further comprising the steps of:

marking a tokenized network entry of at least one of an incoming and an outgoing tokenizing network node; and

reversing network entries at incoming tokenizing network nodes before encryption.

23. (Original) The method according to claim 14, wherein:

said border between said first and second networks is defined at a gateway device which said message traverses on a connection between said first and second networks.

24. (Currently Amended) ~~A network device, for processing routing information in a packet data network, said device comprising:~~

extracting means for extracting ~~said a~~ routing information from a received message at a border between a first network and a second network;

decrypting and reversing means for generating a decrypted and reversed routing information by decrypting a tokenized second-network entry relating to a routing path of said message within said second network and by reversing the content of the decrypted second-network entry;

replacing means for replacing said routing information of said received message by said decrypted and reversed routing information; and

forwarding means for forwarding said received message with said decrypted and reversed routing information to said second network.

25. (Currently Amended) The ~~network~~-device according to claim 24, further comprising one of an ~~I~~nterrogating ~~C~~all Session ~~C~~ontrol ~~F~~unction and a ~~T~~opology ~~H~~iding ~~G~~ateway function.

26. (Currently Amended) The ~~network~~-device according to claim 24, wherein said packet data network comprises an Internet protocol (IP) ~~M~~ultimedia ~~S~~ubsystem.

27. (Currently Amended) The ~~network~~-device according to claim 24, wherein said network device is configured to suppress reversing of said decrypting and reversing means when said routing information indicates that said network device is an outgoing tokenizing network node.



28. (Currently Amended) The ~~network device~~ according to claim 24, wherein said network device is configured to reverse network entries before encryption when said routing information indicates that said network device is an incoming tokenizing network node.

29. (Currently Amended) The ~~network device~~ according to claim 24, wherein said border between said first and second networks is defined at said network device.

30. (Currently Amended) A ~~network device, for processing routing information in a packet data network, said device comprising:~~

an ~~extraction unit~~extractor configured to extract said ~~a~~ routing information from a received message at a border between a first network and a second network;

an ~~adding unit~~adder, operably connected to said ~~extraction unit~~extractor, and configured to add at least one invalid entry to first-network entries of said routing information to blurr or hide an actual number of routing entries which correspond to routing nodes through which said received message has been routed, said first-network entries relating to a routing path of said message within said first network;

an ~~encrypting unit~~ encryptor, operably connected to said ~~extraction unit~~extractor, and configured to generate encrypted routing information by encrypting said at least one invalid entry and said first-network entries by using an own token at least for each of said first-network entries;

a ~~replacing-unit~~replacer, operably connected to said ~~extraction-unit~~extractor, and configured to replace said routing information of said received message by said encrypted routing information; and

a ~~forwarding-unit~~transmitter, operably connected to said ~~extraction-unit~~extractor, and configured to forward said received message with said encrypted routing information to said second network.

31. (Currently Amended) A ~~network device~~, for processing routing information in a ~~packet data network~~, said device comprising:

an ~~extracting-unit~~extractor configured to extract said ~~a~~ routing information from a received message at a border between a first network and a second network;

a ~~decrypting and reversing~~ decryptor-unit, operably connected to said ~~extracting-unit~~extractor, and configured to generate a decrypted and reversed routing information by decrypting a tokenized second-network entry relating to a routing path of said message within said second network and ~~by reversing~~further configured to reverse the content of the decrypted second-network entry;

a ~~replacing-unit~~replacer, operably connected to said ~~extracting-unit~~extractor, and configured to replace said routing information of said received message by said decrypted and reversed routing information; and

a ~~forwarding unit~~transmitter, operably connected to said ~~extracting unit~~extractor, and configured to forward said received message with said decrypted and reversed routing information to said second network.

32. (New) The device according to claim 31, further comprising one of an interrogating call session control function and a topology hiding gateway function.

33. (New) The device according to claim 31, wherein said packet data network comprises an Internet protocol (IP) multimedia subsystem.

34. (New) The device according to claim 31, wherein said device is configured to suppress reversing of said decrypter when said routing information indicates that said network device is an outgoing tokenizing network node.

35. (New) The device according to claim 31, wherein said device is configured to reverse network entries before encryption when said routing information indicates that said device is an incoming tokenizing network node.

36. (New) The network device according to claim 31, wherein said border between said first and second networks is defined at said device.